

North Central Texas Council of Governments





Dallas-Fort Worth CLEAN CITIES

"EV-Ready" or Not! Electric Vehicles in Texas

Texas Public Works Association Short Course Killeen, TX February 6, 2017

Presenter: Rachel Linnewiel

Presentation Contents

- Air Quality Basics: NAAQS and Ozone
- Benefits of EVs
- EV and EV Charging Basics
- Obstacles to Adoption
- Achieving EV Readiness
- Additional Resources

Why EVs? NAAQS and Ozone

National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)

- Established by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
- Address Six "Criteria" Pollutants:

| Air Pollutant | Abbreviation | DFW Region | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|--|
| All Pollulant | ADDIEVIALION | Status | | |
| Carbon Monoxide | СО | In attainment | | |
| Lead | Pb | In attainment | | |
| Nitrogen Dioxide | NO ₂ | In attainment | | |
| Ground-level Ozone | 03 | Nonattainment | | |
| Particulate Matter | PM | In attainment | | |
| Sulfur Oxides | SO | In attainment | | |

- Impacts of Nonattainment Status
 - ► Health
 - ► Economic

NAAQS and Ozone

Criteria Pollutants

- Impact Human Health
- Are Addressed in Federal Legislation
 - Clean Air Act

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Pollutants

- Taken Individually, Are Not Necessarily
 Damaging to Human Health
- Affect the Environment by Trapping Heat in the Earth's Atmosphere Over Time

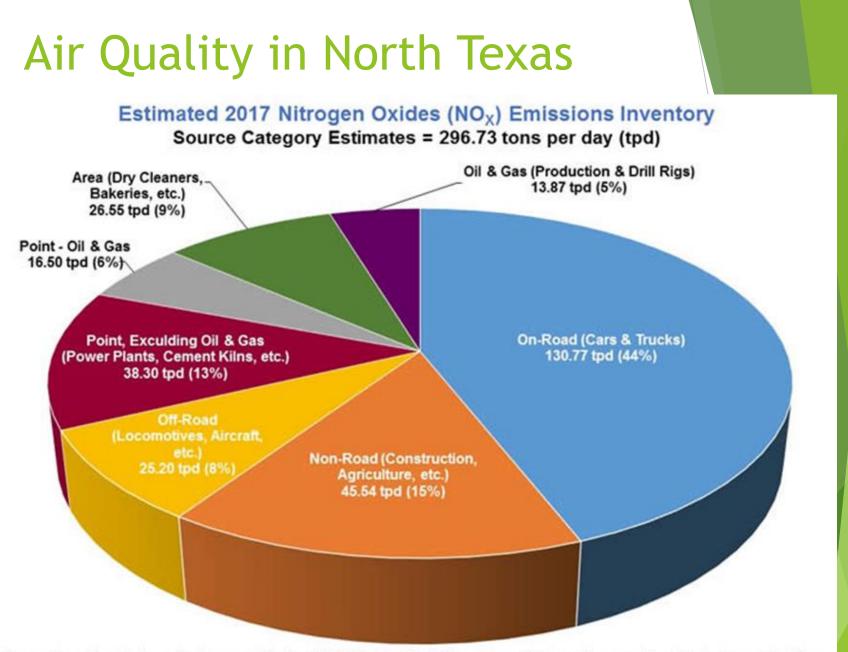
NAAQS and Ozone

Ozone pollution basics:

Formed by the reaction of pollutants in heat and sunlight

OZONE

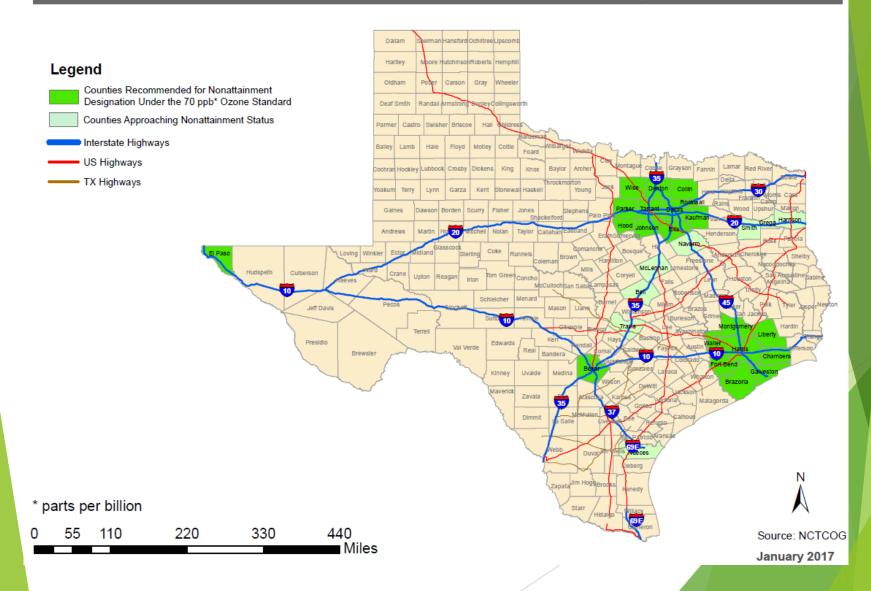
NOx + VOC + Heat & Sunlight = Ozone



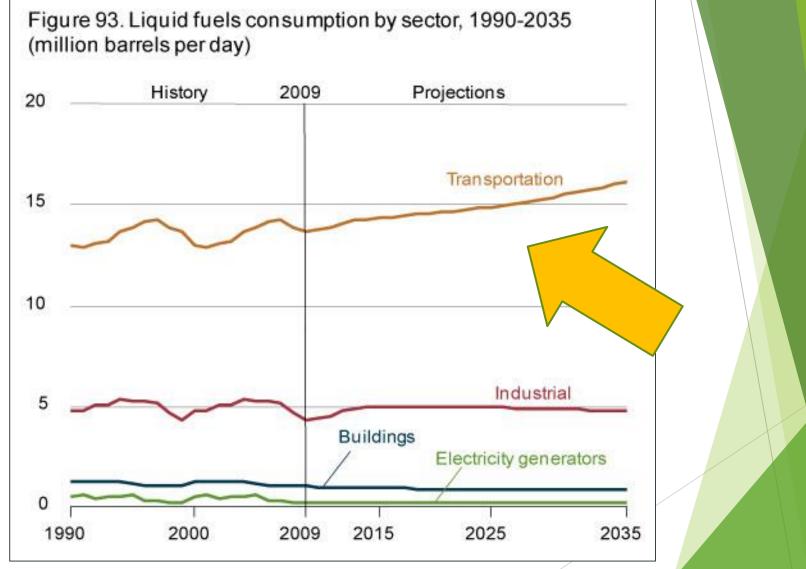
Source: Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, 2017 Dallas-Fort Worth 8-hour Ozone Attainment Demonstration State Implementation Plan

Ozone in Texas

Texas Ozone Nonattainment Status by County



US Petroleum Use by Sector



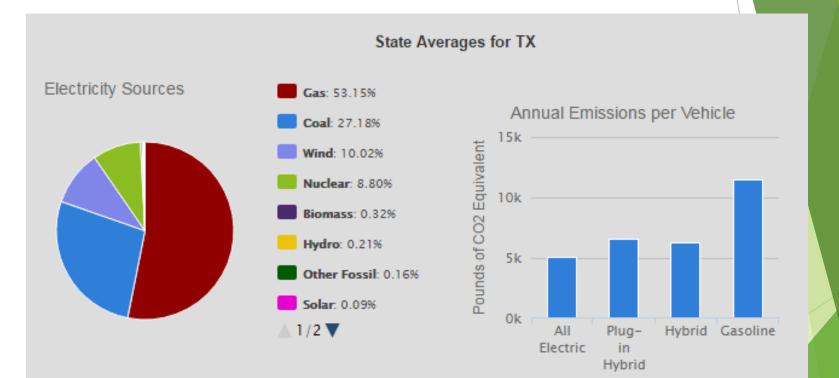
http://www.eia.gov/forecasts/aeo/source_oil.cfm

Benefits of EVs

- Zero Tailpipe Emissions, Lower Well-to-Wheels Emissions
- Energy Security
- Noise-free Driving Experience
- Local Economic Support
- Lower Fuel and Maintenance Costs

Benefits of EVs

Well-to-Wheels Emissions Comparison



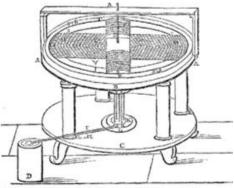
Benefits of EVs

Lower Fuel and Maintenance Costs

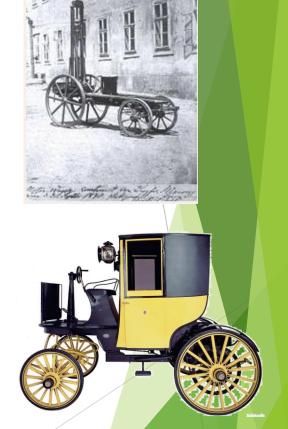
| Mileage | | Internal Combustion Engine | | Electric Vehicle | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|-------|------------------|-------|
| initiage | - meage | \$ | Trips | \$ | Trips |
| Tires | Every 7,500 miles | \$400 | 13 | \$400 | 13 |
| Oil Change | Every 5,000 miles | \$400-\$800 | 20 | \$0 | 0 |
| Automatic Transmission Fluid | At 100,000 miles | \$30-\$100 | 1 | \$0 | 0 |
| Fuel ₇ | varies | \$7,142 | 400 | \$3,500 | 166 |
| Park Plugs & Wires | within first 100,000 miles | \$200 | 1 | \$0 | 0 |
| Muffler | within first 100,000 miles | \$100-\$250 | 1 | \$0 | 0 |
| Brakes ₈ | 2x within first 100,000 miles | \$400 | 2 | \$200 | 1 |
| Big 100,000 | 100,000 miles | | | | |
| | Timing Belt | \$600-\$800 | 1 | \$0 | 0 |
| | Water Pump | \$300 (if combined with timing belt service) | 1 | \$0 | 0 |

EV Basics: History

- EVs Were First Invented in the 1830s
- First Road-Ready EV 1890
- First Electric Taxi Cabs New York City, 1897



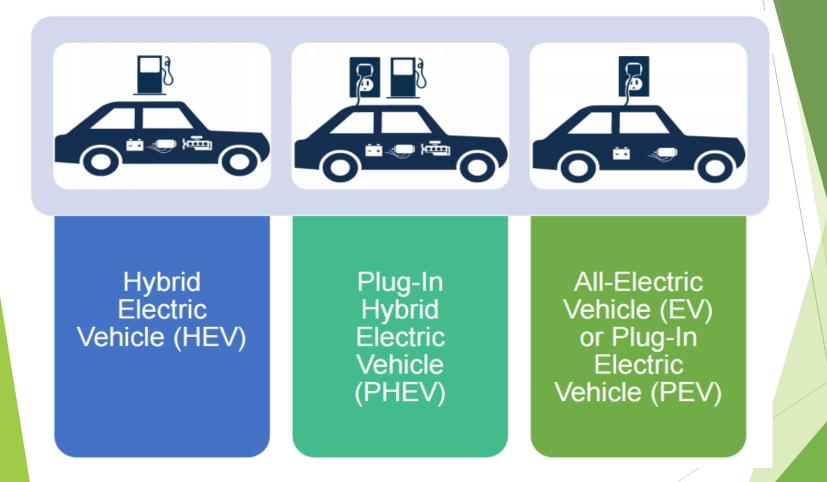
Davenport's patented motor, February 1837



EV Basics: History

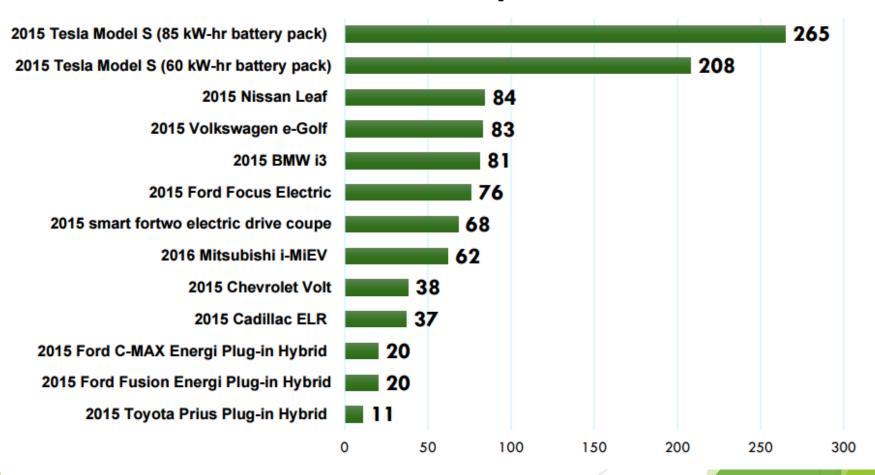
- Downfall of the Early EV
 - 1908 Model T
 - Desire for Longer-Distance Vehicles
 - Lack of Horsepower
 - Discovery of Texas Crude Oil
 - Electric Starter

Introduction to EVs

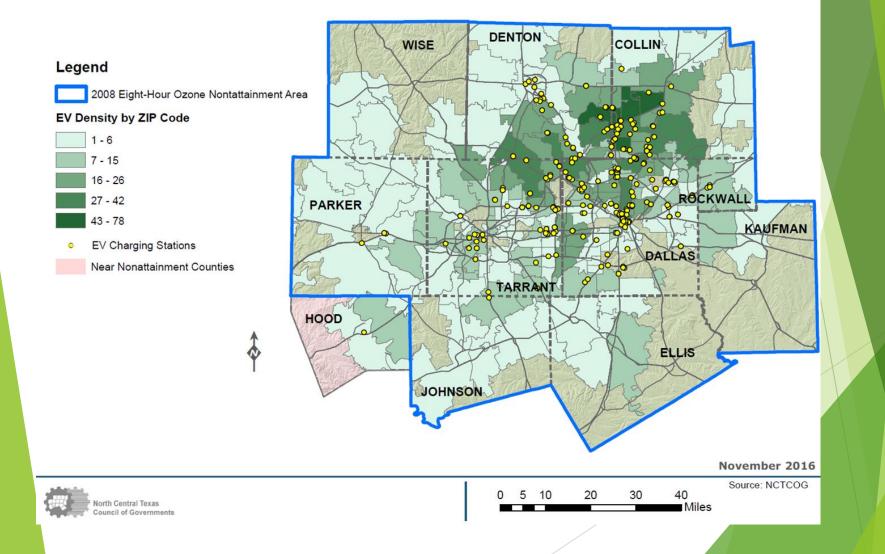


Introduction to EVs

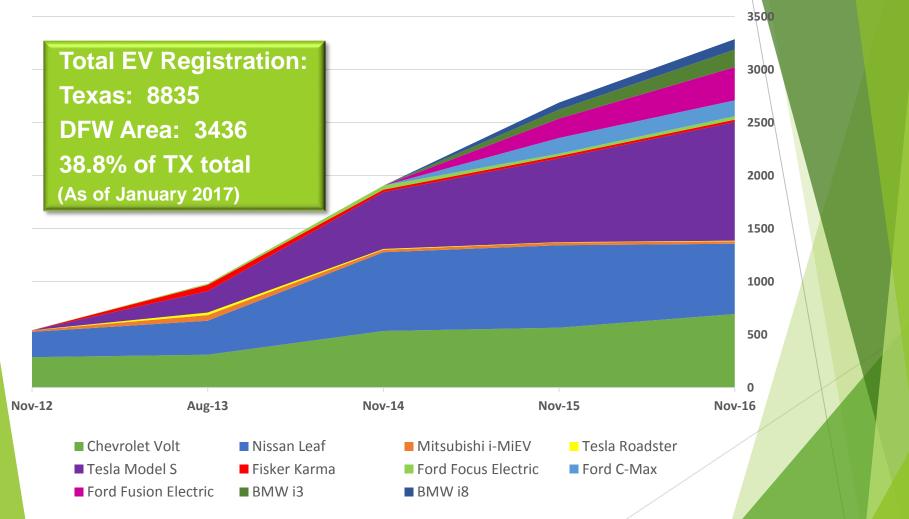
All-Electric Miles per Model



North Texas EV Registration and EVSE Distribution



Registration by EV Model in North Texas

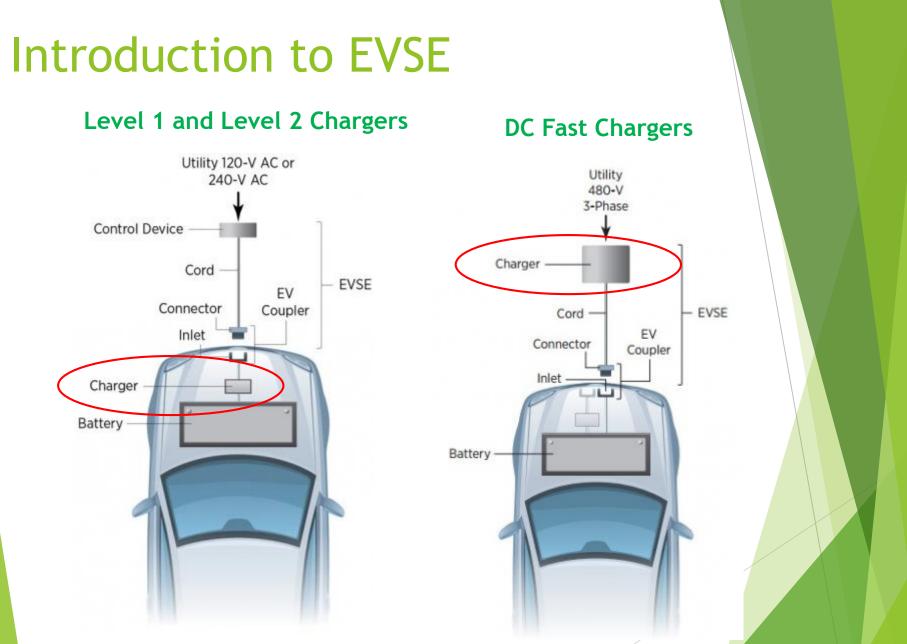


*NCTCOG staff plans to include additional models including: Cadillac ELR, Chevrolet Spark, Fiat 500e, Honda Accord Plug-In & Fit EV, Toyota Plug In Prius, & RAV4 EV

Introduction to Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE)

| | | | nrg. | |
|--|---------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| | Туре | Specifications | Time Needed to Charge 10 Miles | |
| | Level 1 | AC 110–120 V 12 or 16 amps 1.44, 1.92 KW | 1h 40 min | |
| | Level 2 | AC 208–240 V 16 - 80 amps 3.3 - 19.2 KW | ~ 30 min | |
| | Fast Charging | DC 200–450 V ≤ 200 amps ≤ 90 KW | < 5 min | |

Image Source: NCTCOG



Images Courtesy of National Renewable Energy Laboratory

EVSE Hierarchy



Public EVSE Management Options

Host-Owned EVSE

- Business or Property Owner Pays to Own and Install EVSE
- Charging Time-Based or Provided as a Free Public Service
- Network-Owned EVSE
 - Installation Company (e.g. Chargepoint, NRG EVgo, Blink, etc.) Contracts with Host to Install EVSE
 - Installation Company Retains Ownership of EVSE
 - Users Pay Fee, Often Time-Based or Monthly Membership
- In Both Cases: Installation Requires Licensed Electrician Only

Obstacles to EV Adoption and Deployment

Range Anxiety

Charging Time

Public Charging Availability

Interoperability

Up-Front Costs

Lack of Information

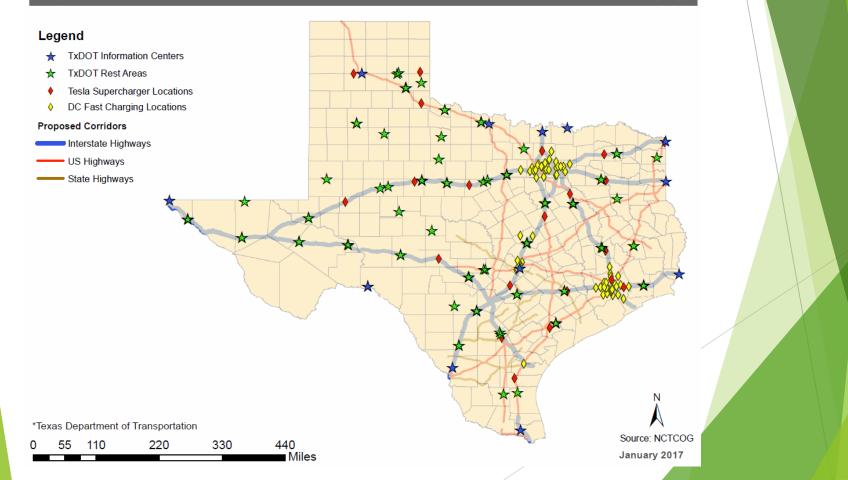
- Lack of Automaker Marketing
- Lack of Media Coverage/Publicity

Achieving EV Readiness

- Long-Term Vehicle and Infrastructure Planning
- Market Conditions
- Utility Involvement
- Education and Outreach
- Laws, Incentives, and Financing
- EVSE Permitting and Inspection Process

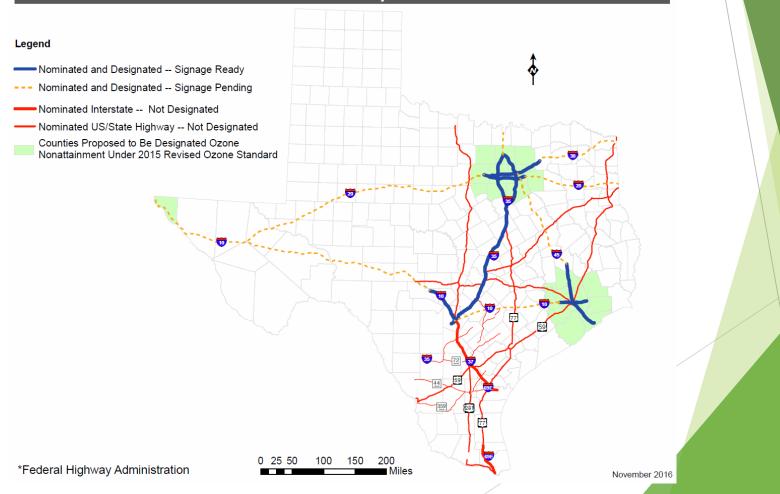
Long-Distance EV Infrastructure Planning

Map 2: Locations of TxDOT* Rest Areas and Information Centers, Electric Vehicle Fast Charging



FAST* Act Designated EV Corridors

Comparison of FHWA* Designated Electric Vehicle Corridors with Corridors Nominated by NCTCOG



Clean Cities Coalitions

Goals:

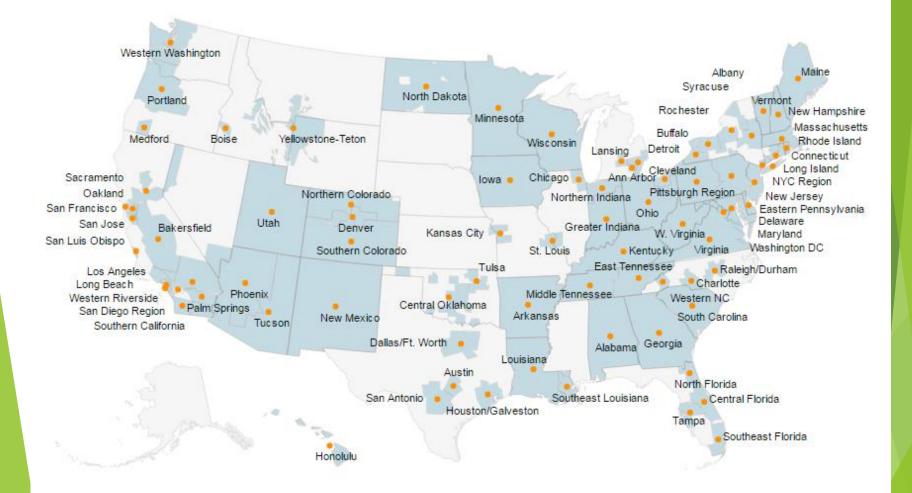
- Reduce Petroleum Consumption
- Facilitate Use of Alternative Fuel Vehicles and Supporting Infrastructure
- Accelerate Sales of Electric and Hybrid Electric Vehicles
- Promote Informed Consumer Choice on Fuel Economy
- Encourage Use of Idle Reduction Strategies





Dallas-Fort Worth CLEAN CITIES

Clean Cities Coalitions



Electric Vehicles North Texas: Initiatives and Focus Areas

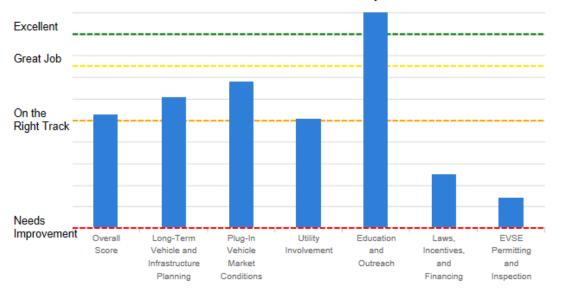
- Promote EV Adoption
- Promote EV Readiness



- Evaluate EV Registration Data with Infrastructure Sites
- Engage Local Businesses in Workplace Charging Challenge
- Develop Marketing/Educational Materials
- Host National Drive Electric Week Events
- Create Region-Specific Fact-Sheets
- Monitor Local Interest-Group Activities
- Raise Awareness #TexasEV

Alternative Fuels Data Center Tools: Plug-In EV Readiness Scorecard

- Assess Readiness for Wide-Scale EV and EVSE Adoption
- Receive Feedback about Strengths and Ways to Improve
 - Record and Track Progress



Scorecard Comparison

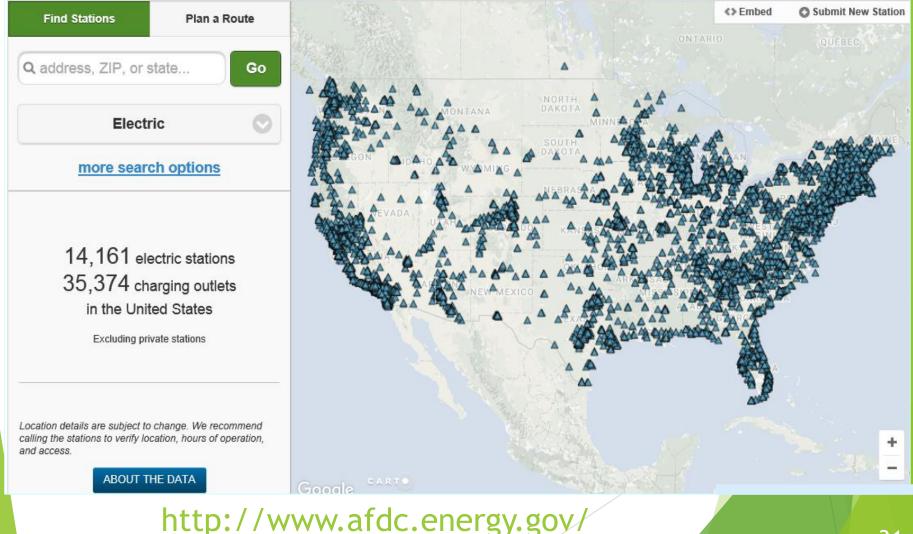
http://www.afdc.energy.gov/

Workplace Charging Program

- Program of the Department of Energy
- EVNT Provides Support By:
 - Tenant Surveys
 - Fact Sheets and Online Resources
 - In-Person Consultation
 - Customized Events

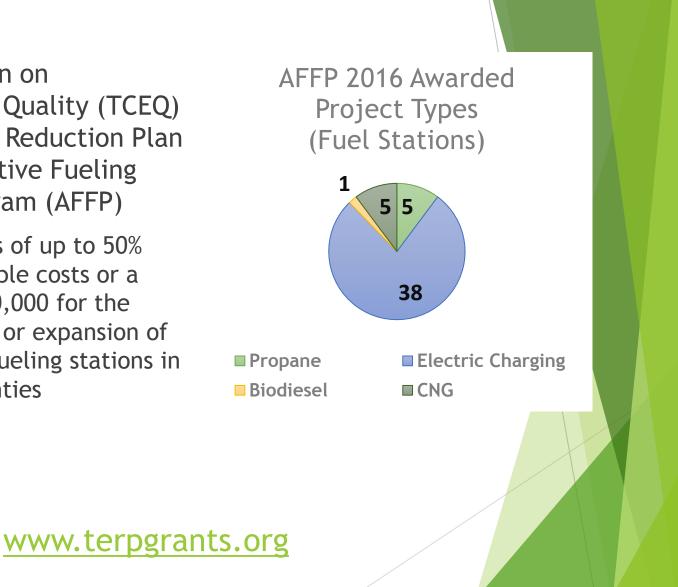
https://energy.gov/eere/vehicles/workplace-charging

Alternative Fuels Data Center Tools: Station Locator



Available Incentives

- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) Texas Emission Reduction Plan (TERP) Alternative Fueling Facilities Program (AFFP)
 - Provides grants of up to 50% of total eligible costs or a max. of \$600,000 for the construction or expansion of alternative fueling stations in specific counties



Contact Information



Rachel Linnewiel Air Quality Planner rlinnewiel@nctcog.org (817) 608-2329



Dallas-Fort Worth CLEAN CITIES



North Central Texas Council of Governments

Kristina Ronneberg Air Quality Planner kronneberg@nctcog.org (817) 695-9226

Lori Clark Principal Air Quality Planner <u>lclark@nctcog.org</u> (817) 695-9232

www.dfwcleancities.org/evnt