FLEETS FOR THE FUTURE

Procurement Kickoff

April 20, 2017

AFV Odyssey at Earth Day Texas – Dallas, TX

North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG)

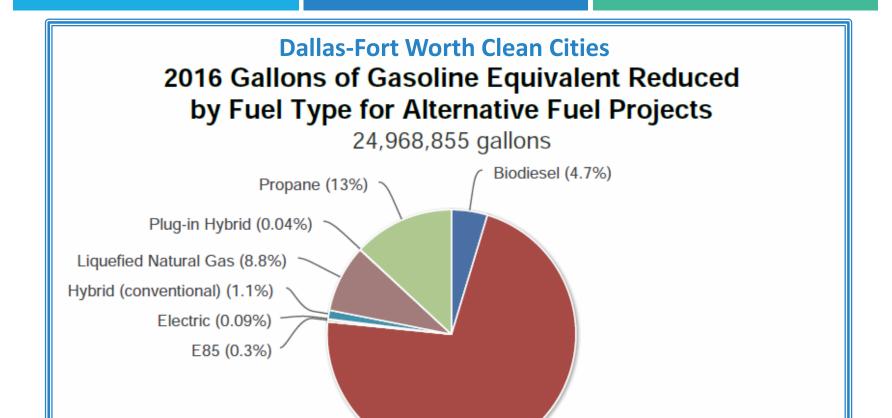
Lori Clark, Principal Air Quality Planner

Bailey Muller, Air Quality Planner









Existing Alternative Fueling Stations in the DFW Region:



38



CNG (72%)

746



78

Agenda

Project Overview Fleet Transition Planning for AFVs Guide to Financing AFVs Procurement Best Practices: By Fuel Type Regional Cooperative Procurement

Project Overview



the incremental costs of alternative fuel vehicles (AFVs) and supporting infrastructure.



National Partnership



Mid-America Regional Council (MARC)

- Greater Kansas City: 1.8 million
- Mo. and Kan. bi-state: 8.842 million

Metropolitan Washington COG (MWCOG)

- · District of Columbia: 4.7 million
- Suburban Md., northern Va.: 14.376 million

Metropolitan Area Planning Council (MAPC)

- Greater Boston: 4.732 million
- Mass, 6.547 million

North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG)

- Dallas-Fort Worth: 6.603 million
- Texas: 25.145 million

Pima Association of Governments (PAG)

- Tucson: 980,263
- Ariz.: 6.392 million

Clean Cities Coalition outreach areas:

New York, Ohio, Utah, Washington

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Fleet Transition Planning for AFVs Considerations

Advantages

Feasibility

Total Cost of Ownership (TCO) Approach

Sustainability Initiatives

High Utilization Rates

Use of Central Parking Facilities

Importance of Maintenance

Costs

Return on Investment

Lower Fuel Prices

Route Predictability Ш

Fleet Transition Planning for AFVs Managing AFV Deployment

Driver Training

Ensures drivers are confident operating and refueling new technology

Maintenance Tech. Training

Ensures
maintenance
personnel are
trained to
perform
diagnostics,
maintenance and
repairs on new
technology

Data Management

Management
Information
System (MIS)
tracks inventory
and operations

Telematics

Vehicle
operational data
can be an
invaluable
management
tool



Guide to Financing AFVs The Opportunity & the Challenge

Creating a compelling financial case

Determine the AFV technologies that fit your vehicle sizes and use cases

Conduct financial analysis, include infrastructure needs

Results demonstrate AFVs as a wise investment

Financing the initiative

Understand your organizational budget and procurement rules

Operating vs capital budgets

What options are available to you?

- Outright purchase
- Leasing
- Cooperative purchasing
- Others: 3rd party financing, green/revolving loans

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Guide to Financing AFVs Summary of AFV Financing Opportunities

Procurement Type	Best Practices	Questions/Concerns	
Commercial Leasing	Ability to monetize tax creditsVariety of lease options	 Uncertain cost structure Uncertain implementation of tax credit monetization 	
Municipal/Capital Lease	Ability to monetize tax credits"Lease-to-own" structureTermination for non-appropriation	Inability to use debt to finance	
State Bid Procurement	Regional/Local specificityBulk discounts: 8-10% off MSRP	Limited vehicle selection	
Cooperative Purchasing	Bulk procurement discounts	Ability to monetize tax creditsLack of experience with vehicles	
3 rd Party Financing	 Ability to monetize tax credits Performance contracting Bundling EV + EVSE + Operational costs 	Nascent marketAccess may be very limited	



Guide to Financing AFVs Bundling Vehicles, Fuel and Infrastructure

Bundled Procurement Best Practices

- Solution when complexity of deployment is beyond technical capacity or time available to fleet team
- Carefully evaluate the TCO of bundled proposals to ensure that a fair deal is being negotiated on the individual components

Benefits

- Enables efficiencies of vertical integration, for instance when the fuel provider also installs the refueling infrastructure
- Simplifies the procurement process

Drawbacks

 May not allow for picking the best provider for each specific subcomponent of your AFV project

Procurement Best Practices *Gaseous Fuels*







Procurement Best Practices *Gaseous Fuels: Key Attributes & Best Applications*



Return-to-base operations, repetitive route, or pre-set geographic operating areas

Higher fuel use -> better economics

Vehicle type	Fuel consumption	
Transit buses	II-I3k DGE/year	
Refuse/Concrete trucks, plows	7.5-10k DGE/year	
Municipal sweepers	5-6k DGE/year	
Shuttles	5.5-7.5k GGE/year	
Taxis, police cars	4.5-5.5k GGE/year	
School buses	2.5-3k GGE/year	
Utility trucks, high-mileage pick-ups	2-2.5k GGE/year	
Sedan, utility/telecom van, PWD pick-ups	1.2-1.5k GGE/year	

Procurement Best Practices *Gaseous Fuels: Municipal Applications*

Vehicle type	Configurations	Providers	Fuel options
Sedan/SUV/crossover	Sub-compact through full size; police pursuit vehicle option	Aftermarket	CNG or propane
Pickup trucks	$\frac{1}{2}$ -ton, $\frac{3}{4}$ -ton, I-ton, with multiple cab-chassis and bed configurations	Aftermarket	CNG or propane
Light duty vans (Class I-2)	Multiple cab-chassis and cutaway options; cargo and passenger configurations	Aftermarket	CNG or propane
Class 3-6 work trucks (e.g., utility trucks, dumpplow trucks, service step-vans)	Cab-chassis, cutaway and strip-chassis configurations for additional upfitting	Aftermarket	CNG or propane
Class 4-6 shuttle buses:	Cab-chassis and cutaway configurations; strip- chassis options for trolleys	Aftermarket	CNG or propane
School buses	Type A, C and D	OEM	CNG or propane
Refuse trucks	Cab-forward (CF), cab-over-engine (COE) and conventional	OEM	CNG only
Transit buses	30', 35' and 40' transit buses, 60' articulated buses and 45' commuter coaches	OEM	CNG for all types, propane for buses less than 35'
Street sweepers		OEM	CNG or propane;

Procurement Best Practices

Gaseous Fuels: Build Process

OEM

Aftermarket
Retrofit System
(ARS)
Manufacturer

ARS

Installer

2nd stage Body Manufacturer

2nd stage Body Installer Auto/Truck Dealer

Customer

Procurement Best Practices

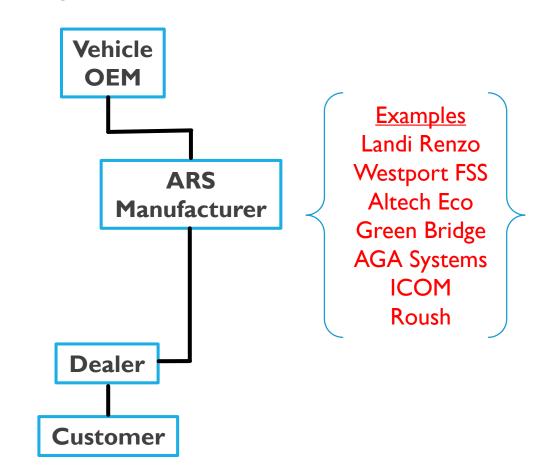
Gaseous Fuels: Build Process

Light-Duty ARS Scenario 1







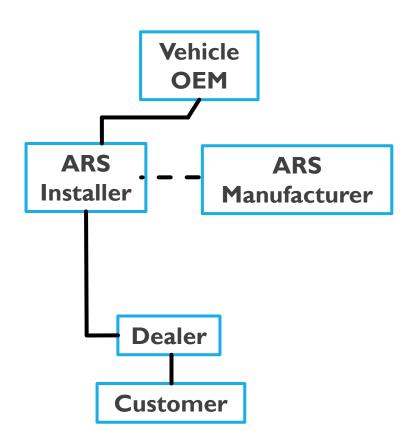


Procurement Best Practices

Gaseous Fuels: Build Process

Light-Duty ARS Scenario 2

Examples
A-I Auto.
Alt Fuel Inn.
Coastal AFS
AVT Services
Cusson Auto.





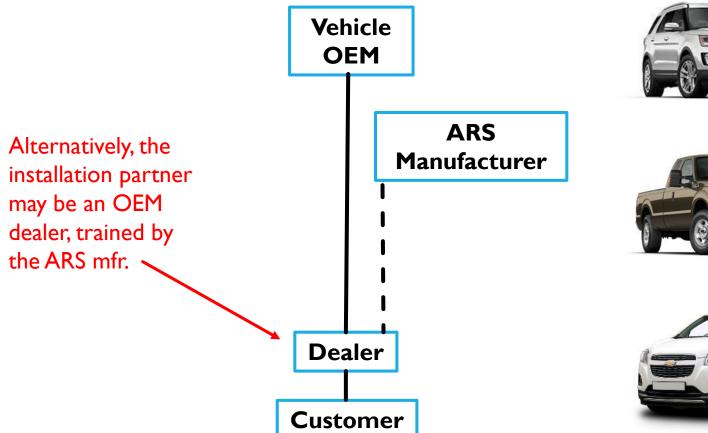




Procurement Best Practices

Gaseous Fuels: Build Process

Light-Duty ARS Scenario 3

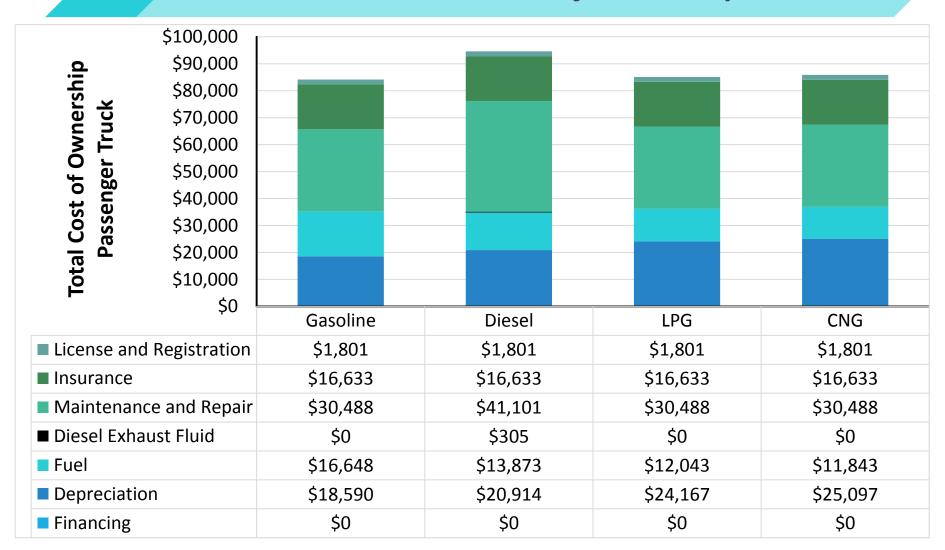








Procurement Best Practices *Gaseous Fuels: Total Cost of Ownership*



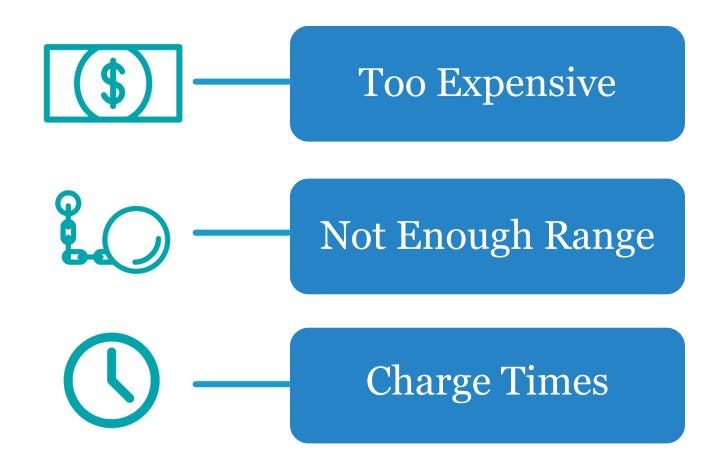
Procurement Best Practices *Electric Vehicles*





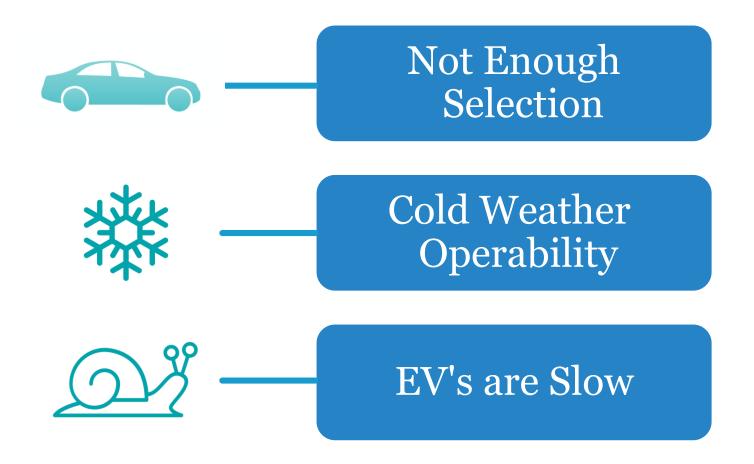
Procurement Best Practices

Electric Vehicles: Myth Busting



Procurement Best Practices

Electric Vehicles: Myth Busting





Procurement Best Practices *Electric Vehicles: Applications for Light-Duty*

Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)

Subcompact and compact sedans

Not a lot of cargo space

Can seat 4 adults comfortably

Well suited for urban settings with lots of stop-andgo traffic and where speeds generally remain below 45 MPH



Plug-In Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)

Compact and midsize sedans

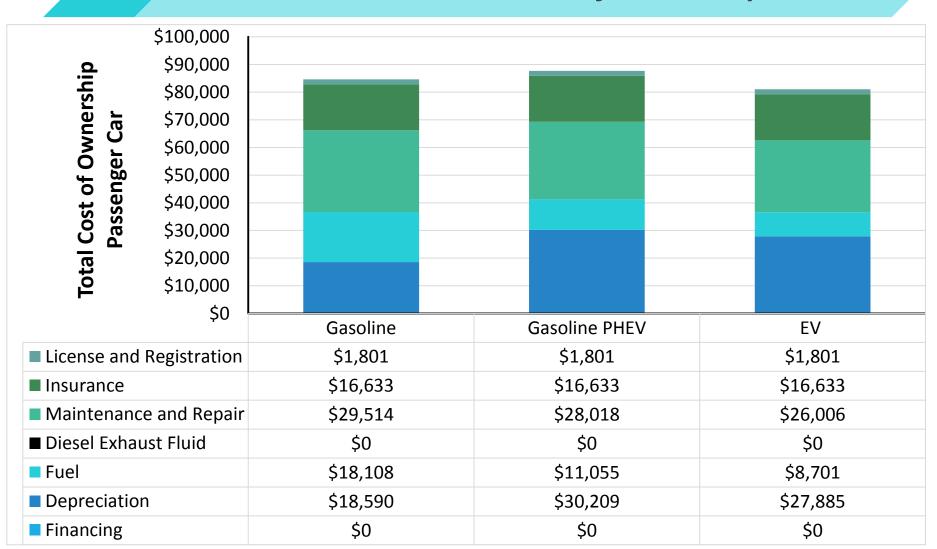
Medium amounts of cargo space

Can seat 4-5 adults comfortably

Well suited for a wide range of activities with the gasoline engine as backup when the battery power is depleted



Procurement Best Practices Electric Vehicles: Total Cost of Ownership



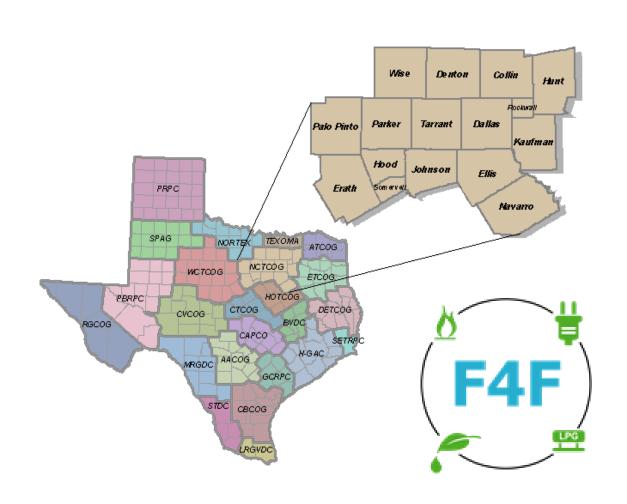


Procurement Best Practices *Electric Vehicles: Total Cost of Ownership*

Make/Model	Nissan Leaf	Ford Focus	Chevy Volt	Ford Focus
Category	BEV	BEV	PHEV	ICE
Battery Size	30 kWh	23 kWh	18.4 kWh	2.0 L - V4
MSRP	\$34,200	\$29,170	\$33,170	\$23,225
Incremental Cost	\$10,975	\$5,945	\$9,945	\$0
All-Electric Range	107 miles	76 miles	53 miles	n/a
EPA MPG Rating	112 MPGe	105 MPGe	106 MPGe	31 MPG
Charge Time (240v)	8 hours	4 hours	4 hours	n/a
Est. Annual Fuel Cost	\$550	\$600	\$800	\$1,000
TCO/mi	\$0.46	\$0.42	\$0.46	\$0.41
TCO/mi (w/ TC)	\$0.39	\$0.35	\$0.40	\$0.41
TCO/mi (w/ TC & \$3.50 gas)	\$0.39	\$0.35	\$0.41	\$0.45
TCO/mi (\$3.5 gas & 15k mi)	\$0.36	\$0.33	\$0.38	\$0.36

Estimates are based on an example with the \$7,500 federal credit. Fuel costs are estimated at \$0.12/kWh and \$2.24 / gallon. Use assumes 12k miles per year over 10 years. Estimates will vary significantly when adjusted for specific local circumstances. TC = Tax Credit.

Regional Cooperative Procurement



Regional Cooperative Procurement

Focusing on local public fleets

Organizing the cooperative procurement of select vehicles to obtain volume discounts that fleets could not access individually

Releasing a vehicle bid RFP to confirm vehicle specs with unique tiered-volume pricing

Executing in Fall 2017

Regional Cooperative Procurement Anticipated Vehicles



Propane Vehicles



Electric Vehicles (EV)

Plug-In Hybrid Electric Vehicles (PHEV)



Natural Gas Vehicles

Regional Cooperative Procurement Anticipated Process

Fleet signs anticipated vehicle purchase commitment with NCTCOG

Summer 2017



NCTCOG pools vehicle purchase commitments from participating fleets

Late September 2017



NCTCOG procures vehicles through vehicle bid contract to obtain volume discounts

October 2017



Each participating fleet coordinates directly with vendor for purchase order

November 2017

Regional Cooperative Procurement How to Get Involved

Action Steps:

- 1. Analyze your fleet's needs
- 2. Coordinate with Procurement and Fleet Staff to confirm procurement possibilities
- 3. Complete the Soft Commitment Form







Regional Cooperative Procurement How to Get Involved

Attend Our Fleets for the Future Bootcamp

When: May 24, 2017 from 10 am - 2 pm

Where: North Central Texas Council of

Governments (NCTCOG) in Arlington



Lunch will be provided!



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