ORIENTATION TO NATIONAL INCIDENT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (NIMS) RESOURCE TYPING



PURPOSE

To provide information on the purpose, procedures, and available references for

National Incident Management System (NIMS) Resource Typing.



OVERVIEW

- Training Objectives
- Definition of NIMS Resource Typing
- Grant Reporting Requirements
- Procedures
 - Reading FEMA Matrices
 - Selection of Discipline, Resource and Type
- Available References
- Sample Problems: Resource Typing
- Comments/Discussion



TRAINING OBJECTIVES

- Define NIMS Resource Typing
- Increase knowledge of resource typing requirements
- Understand the purpose and benefits of resource typing
- Define resources in accordance with National Incident Management System (NIMS) standards.
- List available resources to assist in Resource Typing
- Provide examples of how equipment and training should be appropriately typed and recorded



NIMS RESOURCE TYPING



FEMA DEFINITION - RESOURCE TYPING

Resource typing is the categorization and description of resources that are commonly exchanged in disasters via mutual aid, by capacity and/or capability.



BENEFITS OF RESOURCE TYPING

- During a disaster, an emergency manager knows what capability a resource needs to have to respond efficiently and effectively
- Resource typing definitions help define resource capabilities for ease of ordering and mobilization during a disaster
- As a result of the resource typing process, a resource's capability is readily defined
- Emergency Managers are able to effectively and efficiently request and receive resources through mutual aid during times of disaster



FEMA REPORTING REQUIREMENT - NIMS TYPED RESOURCES

FY 2011 HSGP Guidance and 2012 FOA require grantees to report all grant-funded equipment and training that supports NIMS-typed resources.

Reporting Instructions:

"Grantees will list the specific resources, capability supported, whether it is a Tier I or Tier II NIMS-typed resource, the cost and whether the resource sustains current capabilities or adds new capabilities..."

"The resources should be reported only after equipment is delivered or after training has occurred and the corresponding grant funds have been expended."

FEMA Grant Programs Directorate information Bulletin No. 388(a)



GRANT-FUNDED TYPED RESOURCE REPORT

The Grant-Funded Typed Resource Report can be found online at:

http://www.fema.gov/library/viewRecord.do?id=6432

This report is required for equipment and training that supports NIMS-typed resources and is submitted by grant sub-recipients to the Texas Homeland Security State Administrative Agency.



LEVELS OF RESOURCE TYPING DEFINITIONS

FEMA has developed the following levels of national resource typing definitions:

- TIER I: Those resources included in the National Resource Typing Definitions
 - * States are encouraged to identify any resources that qualify as Tier I resources for inventory processes.
- TIER II: All other resources defined by States, tribal and local jurisdictions that are not predefined in the Tier I definitions.
 - Texas has not designated Tier II resource definitions



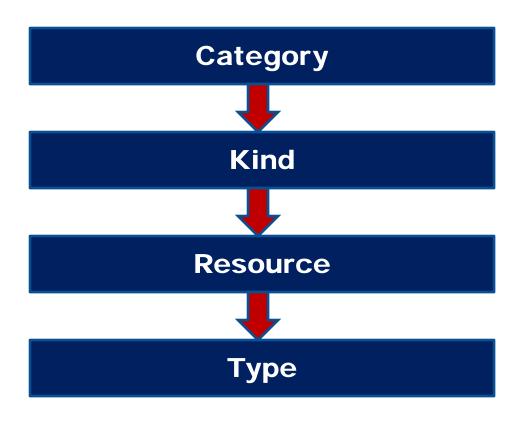
FEMA TIER I RESOURCES

The Tier I criteria for national resource typing definitions:

- Already exist as a defined, deployable interstate response resource for first responders
- Be exchanged and deployed with usage governed thru interstate mutual aid agreements or compacts
- Have performance levels that can be identified as to category, kind, and type
- Be identified, inventoried, tracked to determine availability status for response operations by the jurisdiction having authority
- Allow for command and control utilization under the Incident Command System (ICS)
- Be sufficiently interoperable or compatible to allow for deployment thru a defined system for resource ordering



STEPS OF RESOURCE TYPING





CATEGORY

Category describes the general function for which a resource is most useful (e.g., health and medical, law enforcement, fire fighting, etc.)

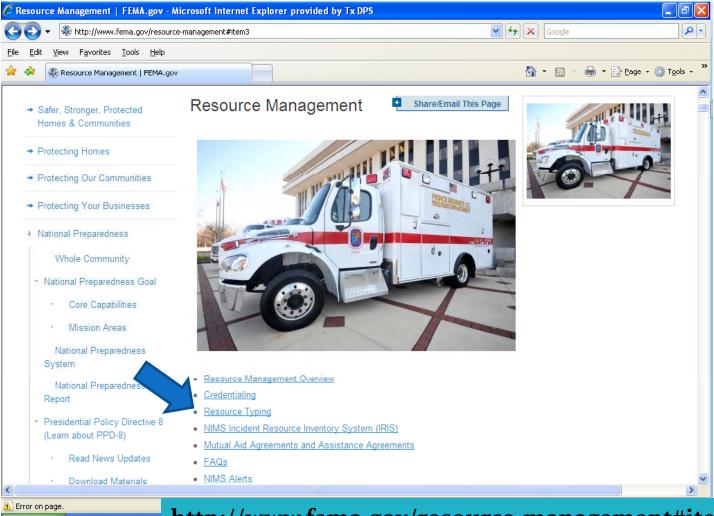
More Categories may be added over time

- Transportation
- Communications
- Public Works and Engineering
- Firefighting
- Information and Planning
- Law Enforcement and Security
- Mass Care
- Resource Management

- Health and Medical
- Search and Rescue
- Hazardous Materials Response
- Food and Water
- Energy
- Public Information
- Animals and Agricultural Issues
- Volunteers and Donations



STEP 1- FEMA WEBSITE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



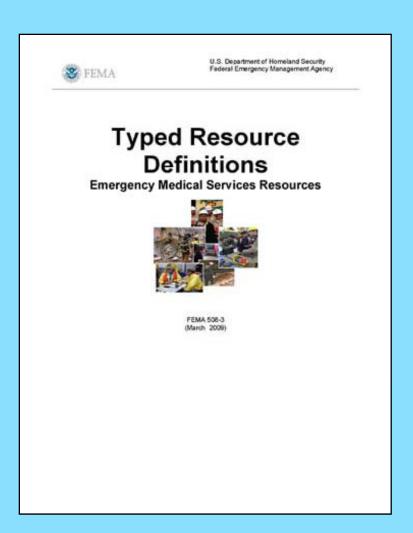




FEMA TYPED RESOURCE DEFINITIONS FEMA 508 SERIES

FEMA Typed Resource
Definitions are currently
published by <u>category</u> in
the 508 Series

FEMA continues to add to Typed Resource Definitions over time as it adds to the 508 Series of manuals



FEMA TYPED RESOURCE DEFINITIONS FEMA 508 SERIES

FEMA 508-1: Animal Health

Resources

FEMA 508-2: Incident

Management Resources

FEMA 508-3: Emergency

Medical Services Resources

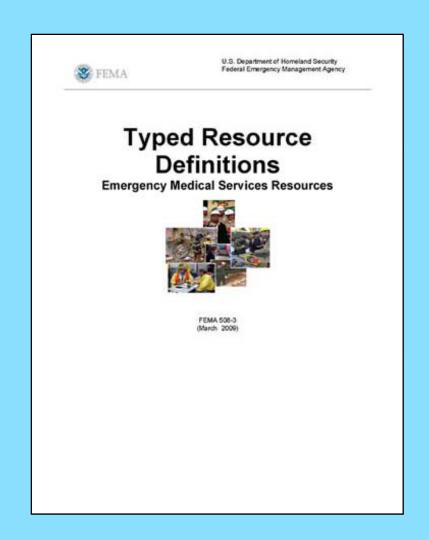
FEMA 508-4: Fire and

Hazardous Materials

Resources

FEMA 508-5: Health and

Medical Resources



FEMA TYPED RESOURCE DEFINITIONS FEMA 508 SERIES

FEMA 508-6: Law

Enforcement and Security

Resources

FEMA 508-7: Public Works

Resources

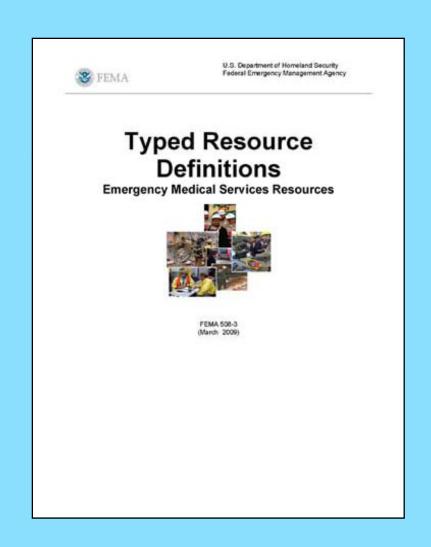
FEMA 508-8: Search and

Rescue Resources

FEMA 508-9: Draft Shelter

Management Team

FEMA 508-10: TBD



ICS CATEGORIZATION

ICS resources are categorized by:

KIND: Describe what the resource is (e.g., <u>Team</u> (SWAT, Dive Team, Bomb Squad), <u>Vehicle</u> (ambulance, armored car, etc.) <u>Aircraft</u> (tanker, helicopter) <u>Equipment</u> (air compressor, generator)

Note: Resource kinds may be divided into subcategories to more precisely define the resource capabilities needed to meet specific requirements

TYPE: Describe the size, capability and staffing qualifications of a specific kinds of resource



the Phrase "Resource kinds may be divided into the kinds no real sub-cats TXDPS, 1/8/2013 T3

subcategories to more precisely" define is not accurret the next pages list

KINDS

"Kinds" refers to

"broad classes that characterize like resources"

NIMS includes but is not limited to the following "Kinds"

- Teams
- Equipment
- Supplies
- Vehicles
- Aircraft



TYPE

- The "type" assigned to a resource or a component is the measure of minimum capabilities needed to perform its function
 - Type I implies a higher capability than Type II
- The measures used should identify the capability and/or capacity of the resource
- The measures used are based on the kind of resource being typed.
 - One measure is not used for all
- Example measures include:
 - Capability (power and size) and Capacity



EXAMPLE OF TYPESAmbulances (Ground)

RESOURCE:	RESOURCE: Ambulances (Ground)						
CATEGORY:	Health & Medical (I	ESI 31	KIND: Vehicle/Team				
MINIMUM CAPABILITIES:		TYPEI	TYPE II	TYPE III	TYPE IV	OTHER	
COMPONENT	METRIC		IIFEII	ITEIII		OTHER	
Overall Function	Provides out-of-hospital emergency medical care, evacuation, and transportation services via licensed EMS service	Capable of providing clinical and transportation services in hazardous material environments to a range of patient conditions, includes vehicle, staff, equipment, and supplies.	Capable of providing clinical and transportation services to a range of patient conditions, includes vehicle, staff, equipment, and supplies.	Capable of providing clinical and transportation services in hazardous material environments to a range of patient conditions, includes vehicle, staff, equipment, and supplies.	Capable of providing clinical and transportation services to a range of patient conditions, includes vehicle, staff, equipment, and supplies.		
Team Request for Mutual Aid should specify specialty services as needed.	Team experienced and actively involved in the care and transportation of EMS patients. Specialty care provided based on assessment of patient needs by the requesting state	Advanced Life Support	Advanced Life Support	Basic Life Support	Basic Life Support		
Personnel	Minimum staff See Notes 3, 4. One of the ambulance staff may also meet the requirements as a qualified EVO but the highest level of credentialed caregiver MUST be physically located in the patient compartment	1 ALS practitioner and 1 EMT Meets or exceeds standards as addressed by EPA, OSHA and NFPA 471, 472, 473 and 29 CFR 1910, 120 ETA 3-11 to work in HazMat Level B and specific threat conditions All immunized in accordance with CDC core adult immunizations and specific threat as commensurate with the mission assignment.	1 ALS practitioner and 1 EMT	2 (1 EMT and 1 EMR) Meets or exceeds standards as addressed by EPA, OSHA and NFPA 471, 472, 473 and 29 CFR 1910, 120 ETA 3-11 to work in HazMat Level B and specific threat conditions All immunized in accordance with CDC core adult immunizations and specific threat as commensurate with the mission assignment.	2 (1 EMT and 1 EMR)		

FEMA 508-3 Typed Resource Definitions - Emergency Medical Services Resources





FEMA RESOURCE TYPING SUPPORT

- National Mutual Aid and Resource Management Web site: http://www.fema.gov/nims/mutual_aid.shtm.
- FEMA NIMS Resource Center at <u>www.fema.gov/emergency/nims/ResourceMngmnt.shtm</u>
- FEMA IS-703.a NIMS Resource Management <u>http://training.fema.gov/EMIWeb/IS/is703a.asp</u>
- FEMA 508-Series Manuals-Typed Resource Definitions
- Online support for Resource Typing, Credentialing and other NIMS-related issues is provided through the NIMS Support Center at http://www.fema.gov/emergency/nims/.



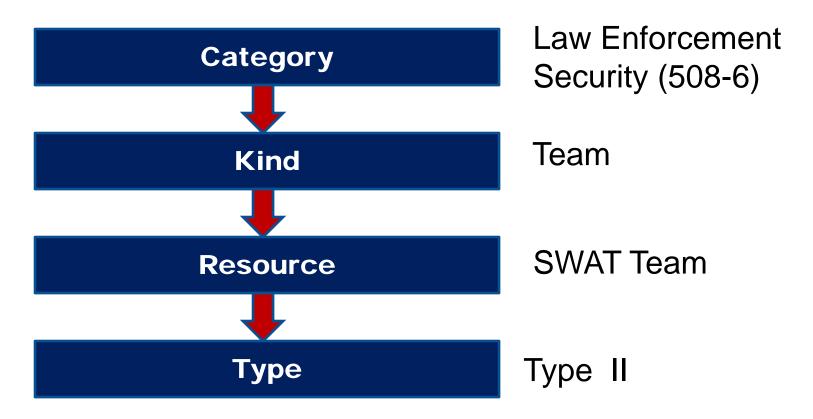
SAMPLE PROBLEM

A local jurisdiction seeks to purchase an armored car for its Type II SWAT Team.



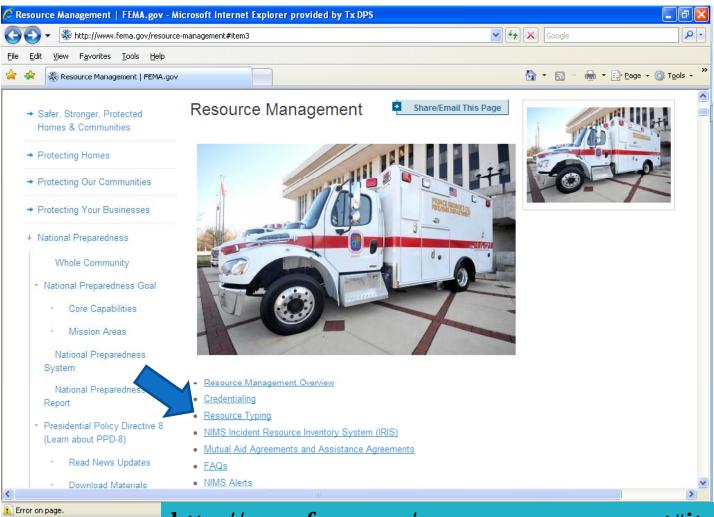
SAMPLE PROBLEM: SWAT TEAM

Problem: A local jurisdiction seeks to purchase an armored car for its Type II SWAT Team.





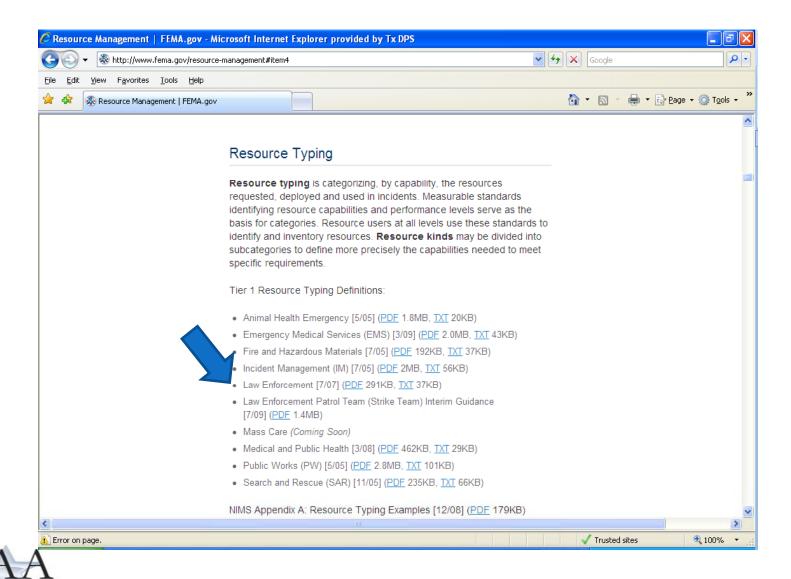
STEP 1- FEMA WEBSITE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT



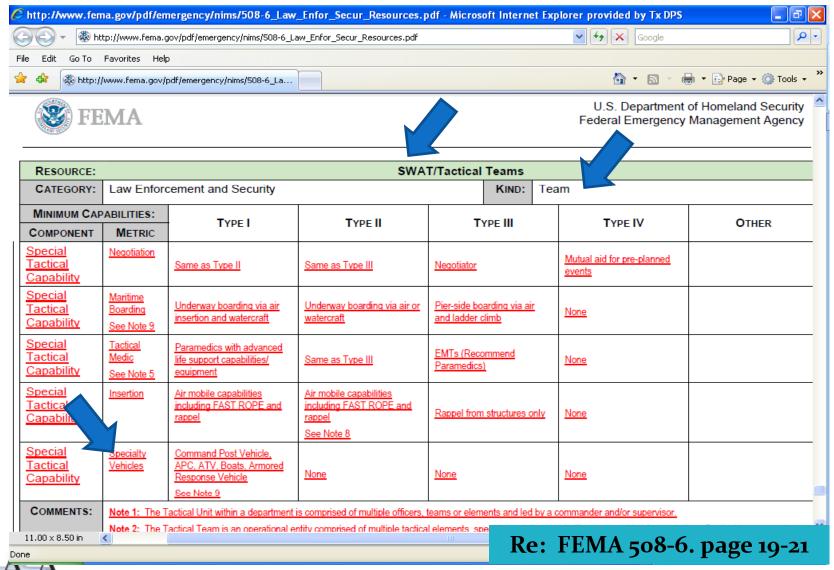
http://www.fema.gov/resource-management#item4



STEP 2 - LOCATE LAW ENFORCEMENT (Category)



STEP 3 - LOCATE SWAT TEAM EQUIPMENT LISTING



CONCLUSION

The Jurisdiction/Sub-Grantee should not purchase the Armored Car (Armored Response Vehicle) with Homeland Security Grant Funds...

...unless the SWAT Team is to be upgraded to a Type I Team or there is another situation-specific reason to purchase the vehicle.

Jurisdictions must be able to justify their grantfunded purchases; deviations from FEMA guidance on NIMS resource typing should be conscious decisions made for situation-specific reasons.



VERIFICATION OF RESOURCE TYPING

What Individual/Agency verifies that we have attained Type I Swift Water Rescue Team?

The State, tribe or local agency conducting the inventory will make the determination that a specific resource meets the resource typing requirements and certify the resource as necessary.

IS-703.A NIMS Resource Management Instructor Guide, p. 4-11

The jurisdiction that owns the team verifies its resource type in accordance with FEMA criteria



SAMPLE PROBLEM

Our County seeks to upgrade its Type II Public Safety Dive Team to a Type I Resource.

How many divers must the team have?

What equipment should the County purchase?

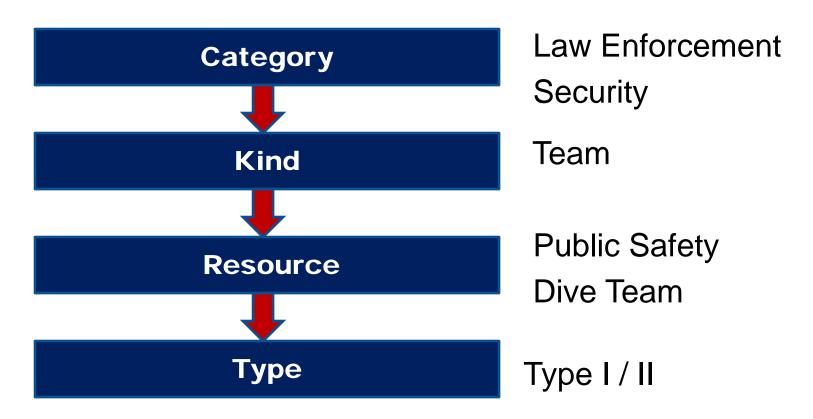
What is the minimum number of certified training dives that should be scheduled this year?

What training is recommended <u>but not</u> mandatory for our divers?



SAMPLE PROBLEM: DIVE TEAM

Problem: A local jurisdiction seeks to upgrade its Public Safety Dive team to a Type I Resource.



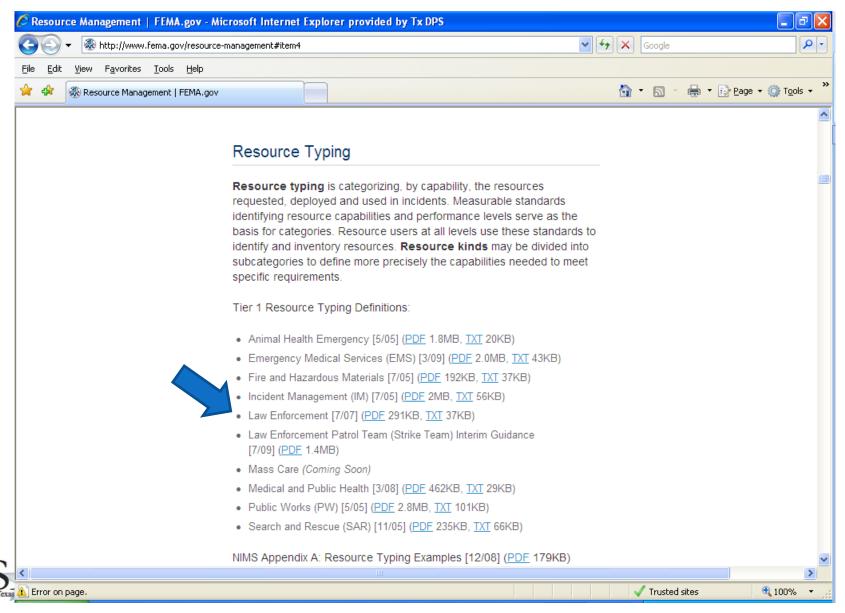


STEP 1- FEMA WEBSITE RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

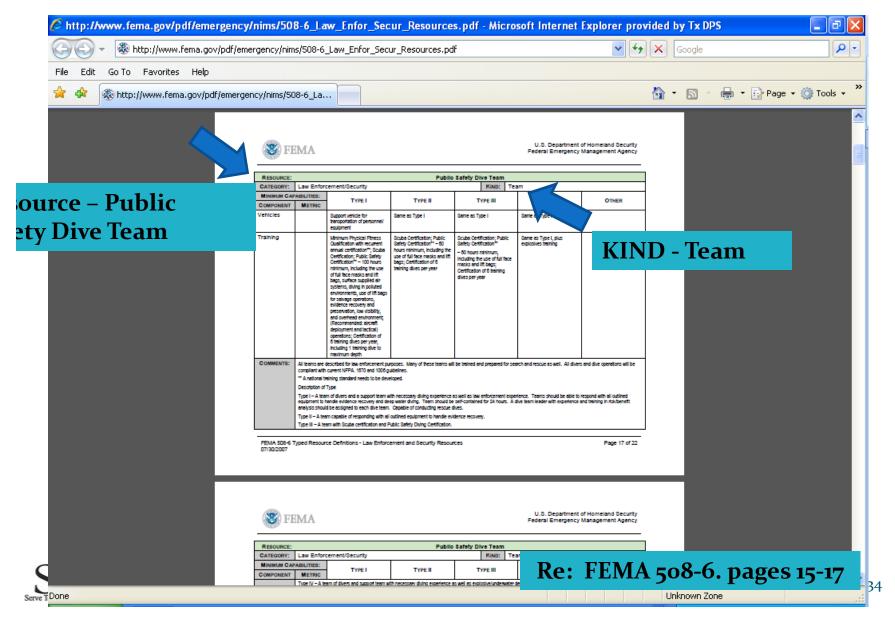




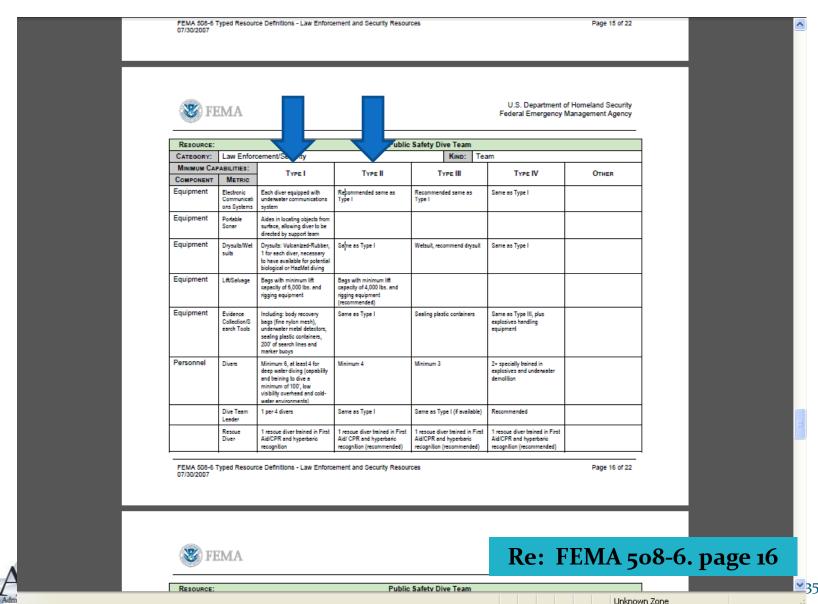
STEP 2 - LOCATE LAW ENFORCEMENT (CATEGORY)



STEP 3- LOCATE RESOURCE "PUBLIC SAFETY DIVE TEAM"



STEP 3- LOCATE TYPES FOR PUBLIC SAFETY DIVE TEAM



Our county seeks to upgrade its Type II Public Safety Dive Team to a Type I Resource.

What is the minimum number of Team Members required for a Type I team?



FEMA 508-6 Typed Resource Definitions - Law Enforcement and Security Resources Page 15 of 22 U.S. Department of Homeland Security **FEMA** Federal Emergency Management Agency Public Safety Dive Team CATEGORY: Law Enforcement/Security KIND: MINIMUM CAPABILITIES: TYPE II Type III Type IV OTHER COMPONENT METRIC Recommended same as Type I Electronic Each diver equipped with Recommended same as Same as Type I ons Systems system Equipment Aides in locating objects from Sonar surface, allowing diver to be directed by support team Equipment Same as Type I Drysuits/Wet Drysuits: Vulcanized-Rubber, Wetsuit, recommend drysuit Same as Type I 1 for each diver, necessary to have available for potentia biological or HazMat diving Bags with minimum lift Bags with minimum lift capacity of 6,000 lbs. and capacity of 4,000 lbs. and rigging equipment (recommended) rigging equipment Equipment Including: body recovery Same as Type I Sealing plastic containers Same as Type III, plus bags (fine nylon mesh), underwater metal detectors. Collection/S explosives handling earch Tools equipment sealing plastic containers, 200' of search lines and marker buoys Minimum 6, at least 4 for 2+ specially bained in deep water diving (capability explosives and underwater and training to dive a demolition minimum of 100', low visibility overhead and cold-Dive Team 1 per 4 divers Same as Type I Same as Type I (if available) Recommended I rescue diver beined in First 1 rescue diver trained in First 1 rescue diver trained in First 1 rescue diver trained in First Rescue Aid/CPR and hyperbaric Aid/ CPR and hyperbaric Aid/CPR and hyperbaric Aid/CPR and hyperbaric recognition recognition (recommended) recognition (recommended) recognition (recommended) 8-6 Typed Resource Definitions - Law Enforcement and Security Resources Page 16 of 22 Re: FEMA 508-6. page 16 **FEMA**



Our County seeks to upgrade its Type II Public Safety Dive Team to a Type I Resource.

What is the minimum number of Team Members required for a Type I team?

8 Team Members consisting of:

- 6 Divers (minimum)
- 1 Dive Team Leader
- 1 Rescue Diver

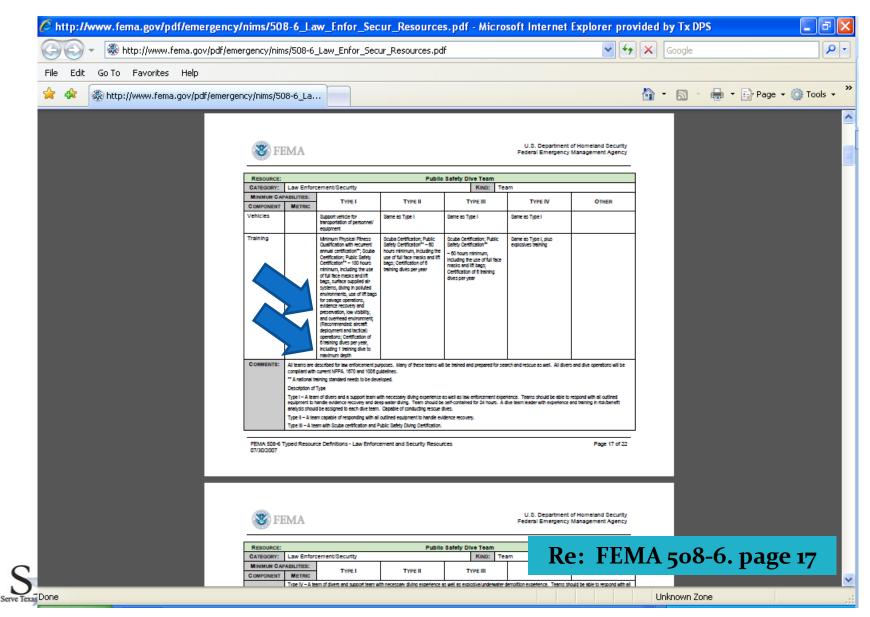


Our county seeks to upgrade its Type II Public Safety Dive Team to a Type I Resource.

What is the minimum number of certified training dives that should be scheduled this year?

What training is recommended but not mandatory for our divers?





SAMPLE SOLUTION

Our County seeks to upgrade its Type II Public Safety Dive Team to a Type I Resource.

What is the minimum number of certified training dives that should be scheduled this year?

Certification of 6 Training Dives per year

What training is recommended but not mandatory for our divers?

aircraft deployment and tactical operations

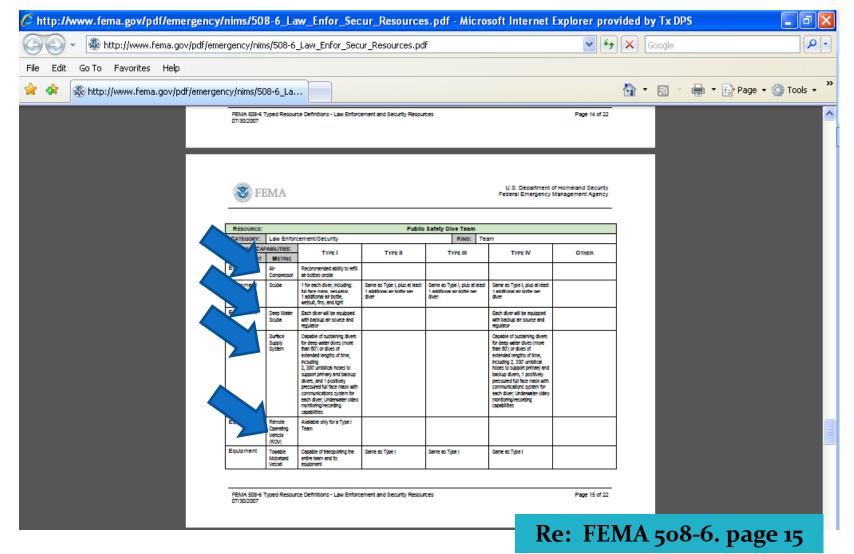
Re: FEMA 508-6. page 17



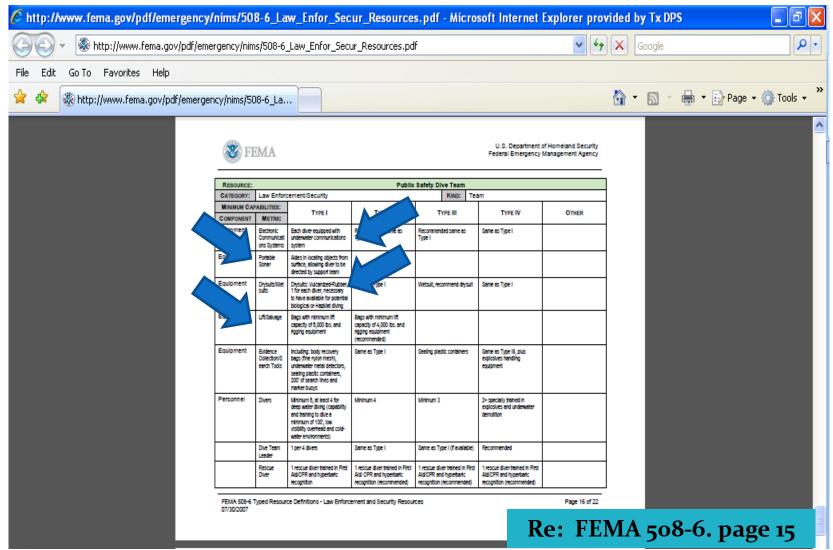
Our County seeks to upgrade its Type II Public Safety Dive Team to a Type I Resource.

What additional equipment should the County expect to purchase?











ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT PURCHASES

- The Type I Public Safety Dive team must have:
 - Air Compressor
 - Surface Supply System
 - Remote Operating Vehicle
- Each diver must be equipped with :
 - Backup air source and regulator (Deep Water Scuba)
 - Scuba Equipment (including: full face mask, regulator, wetsuit, added air bottle, fins, and light)
 (if the Team needs to increase its number of divers)



Re: FEMA 508-6. page 16

ADDITIONAL EQUIPMENT PURCHASES

- The Type I Public Safety Dive team must have:
 - Portable Sonar
 - Lift/Salvage Bags with minimum lift capacity of 6,000 lbs plus rigging equipment
- Each diver must be equipped with :
 - An underwater communications system
 (Recommended under Type II/Mandatory for Type I.)
 - Additional Vulcanized Rubber Dry Suits
 (if the Team needs to increase its number of divers)



Re: FEMA 508-6. page 16

VERIFICATION OF TYPED RESOURCES

"The State, tribal or local agency conducting the inventory will make the determination that a specific resource meets the resource typing requirements and certify the resource as necessary"



NON TYPED RESOURCES

If resources in your jurisdiction do not meet Tier I requirements...

Reach agreement with your mutual aid partners on a Tier II definition

or –

List these as non deployable resources in your EOP (Resource Management Annex)



INCIDENT RESOURCE INVENTORY SYSTEM (IRIS)

- Assists communities in inventorying, typing, and visualizing resources in accordance with National Incident Management System (NIMS) concepts/principles
- Provides quick access to resources to support emergency response operations
- Improves the Nation's capability to identify and acquire a typed resource
- Allows users to send data to existing Incident Command tools used in Emergency Operations Centers (EOC)

IRIS

- Provides a "no cost" resource inventory tool that is available to support response operations and NIMS resource typing compliance requirements
- IRIS features the capability for users to inventory resources and share resource information with other agencies. IRIS interfaces with WebEOC.
- IRIS users are able to define non-typed resources and select specific resources for mutual aid purposes based upon mission requirements, the capability and availability of resources, and desired response times.
- Access IRIS online at





SUMMARY

- NIMS Resource Typing helps to define resource capabilities for ease of ordering and mobilization during a disaster
- NIMS Resource Typing assigns a standardized typing designation to each resource
- Expenditure of Homeland Security Grant Funds must be justified
 - Resource Typing is used as a basis for justifications
- Jurisdictions have a responsibility to inventory and report
- NIMS provides online and printed references to assist in Resource Typing



QUESTIONS / DISCUSSION



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